United Nations A/61/358

General Assembly

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Sixty-first session
Agenda item 31
United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Persons displaced as a result of the June 1967 and subsequent hostilities*

Report of the Secretary-General

Summary

In its resolution 60/101, the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General to report to it, after consulting with the Commissioner-General of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA), on the progress made in the implementation of the resolution.

The present report refers to correspondence between the Secretary-General and the Permanent Representative of Israel to the United Nations regarding actions taken by the Government of Israel in implementing the relevant provisions of the resolution. It also presents the information made available by the Commissioner-General of UNRWA to the Secretary-General on the return of refugees registered with the Agency to the West Bank and the Gaza Strip from Jordan, Lebanon and the Syrian Arab Republic.

* The submission of the report was delayed to await input requested from a Member State concerned.

06-52708 (E) 210906

1. The present report is submitted to the General Assembly in pursuance of paragraph 5 of its resolution 60/101, entitled "Persons displaced as a result of the June 1967 and subsequent hostilities", the operative part of which reads:

> *The General Assembly*,
>
> ...
>
> 1. *Reaffirms* the right of all persons displaced as a result of the June 1967 and subsequent hostilities to return to their homes or former places of residence in the territories occupied by Israel since 1967;
>
> 2. *Expresses deep concern* that the mechanism agreed upon by the parties in article XII of the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements of 1993 (A/48/486-S/26560, annex) on the return of displaced persons has not been complied with, and stresses the necessity for an accelerated return of displaced persons;
>
> 3. *Endorses*, in the meanwhile, the efforts of the Commissioner-General of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East to continue to provide humanitarian assistance, as far as practicable, on an emergency basis, and as a temporary measure, to persons in the area who are currently displaced and in serious need of continued assistance as a result of the June 1967 and subsequent hostilities;
>
> 4. *Strongly appeals* to all Governments and to organizations and individuals to contribute generously to the Agency and to the other intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations concerned for the above-mentioned purposes;
>
> 5. *Requests* the Secretary-General, after consulting with the Commissioner- General, to report to the General Assembly before its sixty-first session on the progress made with regard to the implementation of the present resolution.

2. On 4 May 2006, the Secretary-General addressed a note verbale to the Permanent Representative of Israel to the United Nations, in which he drew attention to his reporting responsibility under the resolution and requested the Permanent Representative to inform him of any action his Government had taken or envisaged taking in implementation of the relevant provisions of the resolution. No reply was received from the Permanent Representative of Israel.

3. In connection with paragraph 2 of General Assembly resolution 60/101, the Secretary-General has obtained from the Commissioner-General of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) the information available to her on the return of refugees registered with the Agency. As indicated in previous reports on the subject, the Agency is not involved in any arrangements for the return of refugees, nor is it involved in any arrangements for the return of displaced persons who are not registered as refugees. Its information is based on requests by returning registered refugees for transfer of their UNRWA registration records from Jordan, Lebanon or the Syrian Arab Republic to the areas to which they have returned. The Agency would not necessarily be aware of the return of any registered refugees who did not request the transfer of their registration records. So far as is known to the Agency, from 1 July 2005 to 30 June 2006, 1,272 refugees registered with UNRWA returned to the West

Bank and 102 to the Gaza Strip from places outside the occupied Palestinian territory. It should be noted that some of these may not have been displaced in 1967, but may have been displaced in earlier or later years or may be members of the family of a displaced registered refugee. Thus, taking into account the estimate given in paragraph 4 of the previous report (A/60/212), the number of displaced registered refugees who are known by the Agency to have returned to the occupied territories since June 1967 is about 26,534. The Agency is unable to estimate the total number of displaced inhabitants who have returned. It keeps records only of registered refugees and, as pointed out above, even those records, particularly with respect to the location of registered refugees, may be incomplete.

4. In connection with paragraph 3 of General Assembly resolution 60/101, the Secretary-General refers to the report of the Commissioner-General of UNRWA for the period from 1 January to 31 December 2005[1] and to the previous reports of the Commissioner-General for accounts of the continuous and ongoing assistance provided by UNRWA to persons displaced and in need of continued assistance.

[1] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-first Session, Supplement No. 13* (A/61/13).

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General Assembly

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19 September 2006

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Sixty-first session
Agenda item 27
Protracted conflicts in the GUAM area and their implications for international peace, security and development

Letter dated 18 September 2006 from the Permanent Representative of the Republic of Moldova to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Upon instructions from my Government, I have the honour to transmit herewith the statement by the Moldovan Government issued in connection with the so-called Transnistrian referendum, conducted on 17 September 2006 by the self-proclaimed separatist regime in the Transnistrian region of Moldova (see annex).

I would be grateful if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the General Assembly at its sixty-first session, under agenda item 27.

(*Signed*) Alexei **Tulbure**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

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Annex to the letter dated 18 September 2006 from the Permanent Representative of the Republic of Moldova to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

[Original: Russian]

Statement by the Government of the Republic of Moldova

9 September 2006

The authorities of the Transnistrian region, disregarding the unanimous and categorical position of the international community, held a so-called consultative referendum on political self-determination for the region on 17 September 2006. The Government of the Republic of Moldova regards this "referendum" merely as a way of torpedoing the process of negotiation on the peaceful reintegration of the Moldovan State and as an attempt to preserve the region's authoritarian and criminal regime. The Moldovan Government hereby states that, like the entire international community, it does not recognize the results of the so-called referendum of 17 September and considers that it can in no way be taken into account in the context of a peaceful final settlement of the conflict.

The Government of the Republic of Moldova expresses its gratitude to the States and organizations taking part in the process of political settlement of the Transnistrian problem — the Russian Federation, Ukraine, the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe, the European Union and the United States of America — for their common understanding that a solution to the Transnistrian problem is possible only with respect for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Moldova. The Moldovan Government shares their conviction that the results of this "manifestation of will" cannot be officially recognized: during the referendum process, the region's population was subjected to administrative pressure and propaganda.

The Republic of Moldova appreciates the active and increasing involvement of many countries and also of eminent international organizations and institutions in the process of settlement of the long-standing conflict in the Dniester region. The forthcoming discussion of the problem in the United Nations General Assembly will undoubtedly be a new milestone in efforts to resolve the situation. The Moldovan Government will accept with interest the support and initiatives of the entire international community for the implementation of specific decisions aimed at the reintegration of the Republic of Moldova and at guaranteeing the fundamental human rights and freedoms of the residents of the Transnistrian region of the country. The Moldovan Government will continue to pursue a policy for the consistent and peaceful reintegration of the State, based solely on the expansion and consolidation of confidence-building measures among the population on both banks of the Dniester, full political, social and economic guarantees for the residents of the Transnistrian region, and guarantees of security, stability and the irreversibility of democratic development throughout the Republic of Moldova.